# BAHAN PENYERTA MEDIA AUDIO SMART ENGLISH TODAY (S-E-T)

# THE EVENT WAS TRIGGERED BY AN ULTIMATUM

# A. IDENTIFIKASI

Kode	:	13/SET/X/I-1/2018		
Tema	:	A Historical Event		
Sub tema	:	A Historical Event in Indonesia		
Fungsi	:	Memberi dan meminta informasi terkait peristiwa		
Bahasa		bersejarah.		
		Giving and asking for information about a historical event		
Level	:	Intermediate-1		
Kompetensi Dasar	:	<ul> <li>3.7. Membedakan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan beberapa teks recount lisan dan tulis dengan memberi dan meminta informasi terkait peristiwa bersejarah sesuai dengan konteks.</li> <li>4.7.1 Menangkap makna secara kontekstual terkait fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan teks recount lisan dan tulis terkait peristiwa bersejarah.</li> <li>4.7.2 Menyusun teks recount lisan dan tulis, pendek dan sederhana, terkait peristiwa bersejarah, dengan memperhatikan fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan unsur kebahasaan, secara benar dan sesuai konteks.</li> </ul>		
Indikator	:	3.7.1. Mengidentifikasi fungsi sosial, struktur teks, dan		
Pencapaian		unsur kebahasaan teks recount terkait peristiwa		
Hasil		bersejarah.		
Belajar		4.7.1.1. Memahami isi teks recount lisan terkait peristiwa bersejarah.		
		4.7.1.2. Merespons teks lisan terkait peristiwa bersejarah.		
		4.7.2.1. Menceritakan peristiwa bersejarah.		
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Pengkaji Materi	:	Bridget Keenan		
Pengkaji Media	:	Suparti, S.Pd., M.Pd.		

#### B. URAIAN MATERI

#### 1. UNSUR KEBAHASAAN

## a. Kosakata dan Idiom

triggered (verb 3)		dipicu
ultimatum (noun)		ultimatum/pengumuman berupa ancaman
allies/Allied troops(noun)		sekutu
retreated (verb 2)		mundur
prevent (verb)		mencegah
sneaked (verb 2)		menyelinap
warehouse (noun)		gudang
ignited (verb 2)		menyalakan
set alight (verb 2)		dibakar

## b. Tata Bahasa

Simple Past Tense

Active: (+) Subject + verb 2 + complement
Indonesian fighters decided to burn down the area.

Passive: (+) Subject + was/were + verb 3 + complement

The event was triggered by an ultimatum.

## c. Ungkapan Kebahasaan

The event was triggered by an ultimatum given by the British commander in Bandung.

He demanded Indonesian troops to leave the city.

The explosion destroyed the warehouse.

In honour of his brave action, the main street in the area was named "Mohammad Toha" Street.

#### 2. MATERI AUDIO

## a. Transkrip monolog

## SPEAKER:

The Bandung Sea of Fire

The Bandung Sea of Fire is a famous historical event in Indonesian history. The name, the Bandung Sea of Fire refers to the burning down of a part of Bandung during the Indonesian struggle for independence.

The event was triggered by an ultimatum given by the British commander in Bandung. He demanded the Indonesian troops to leave the city because they refused to hand over their weapons to the Allies. Indonesian fighters and Bandung residents decided to burn down the area as they retreated from Bandung on the 24th of March in 1945, to

prevent it being used by the Allies.

Mohammad Toha, a young soldier, sneaked into the Dutch military headquarters in Dayeuh Kolot and ignited dynamite in the ammunitions warehouse. The explosion destroyed the warehouse, killed several Allied troops and unfortunately killed him too. In honour of his brave action, the main street in the area was named "Mohammad Toha" Street.

The Bandung Sea of fire is proof that Indonesian independence was not given freely but was gained at the cost of many lives and a lot of destruction.

Adapted from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bandung Sea of Fire

# b. Task 1 (Extensive Listening)

# Answer the questions by choosing A, B, C or D.

- 1) What is the purpose of the talk?
  - A. To describe the situation in Bandung
  - B. To retell the Bandung Sea of Fire historical event
  - C. To inform readers about the history of Indonesian independence
  - D. To explain the origin of the street name, "Mohammad Toha"
- 2) What is the benefit of retelling this event to Indonesians?
  - A. Mohammad Toha will be praised.
  - B. The Bandung Sea of Fire will be unknown.
  - C. Indonesian independence will be appreciated.
  - D. The national heroes will be well known.
- 3) From this talk, we can conclude that...
  - A. The fire was far from Dayeuh Kolot.
  - B. The fire was triggered by a dynamite explosion.
  - C. The fire was set alight by Indonesian soldiers.
  - D. Mohammad Toha is the name of a street near Bandung.

## c. Kunci Jawaban

# Task 1 (Extensive Listening)

- 1) B. To retell the Bandung Sea of Fire historical event
- 2) C. Indonesian independence will be appreciated.
- 3) C. The fire was set alight by Indonesian soldiers.

## d. Task 2 (Intensive Listening)

Answer the questions by choosing A, B, C or D.

- 1) Why did the Indonesian troops burn some areas of Bandung?
  - A. To allow them to retreat from the area
  - B. To obey the Allies ultimatum
  - C. To make the Allied commander angry
  - D. To ensure that the area could not be used by the Allies
- 2) What was the Allies ultimatum about?
  - A. It forced Indonesian troops to use the city.
  - B. It demanded Indonesian troops to leave the city.
  - C. It prohibited Indonesian troops to start fires.
  - D. It threatened any Indonesian troops who used the city.
- 3) Where did Mohammad Toha blow up the dynamite?
  - A. On Muhammad Toha street
  - B. In the middle of the Allied soldiers
  - C. At a small lake in Dayeuh Kolot
  - D. In the Dutch weaponries warehouse
- 4) What is a synonym for the word "main" in the sentence, "In honour of his brave action, the main street in the area was named "Mohammad Toha" Street."?
  - A. Huge
  - B. Major
  - C. Large
  - D. Great
- 5) "The Bandung Sea of Fire is proof that Indonesian independence was not given freely but was gained at the cost of many lives and a lot of destruction.

What does this sentence mean?

- A. Indonesia lost a lot to gain independence.
- B. The Dutch gave independence to Indonesia as a gift.
- C. The Bandung Sea of Fire was not connected to Indonesian independence.
- The Bandung Sea of Fire is proof of Indonesia's Independence.

## e. Kunci Jawaban

## Task 2 (Intensive Listening)

- 1) D. To ensure that the area could not be used by the Allies
- 2) B. It demanded Indonesian troops to leave the city.
- 3) D. In the Dutch weaponries warehouse

- 4) B. Major
- 5) A. Indonesia lost a lot to gain independence.

# f. Task 3 (Post Listening)

In this part of the activity you will hear some incomplete sentences. Listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Speaker: The Battle of Ambarawa was a battle between Indonesian troops and the Allied troops in Ambarawa in December in 1945.

How is the speaker likely to continue the story?

- A. It is happening when the Allied troops started seizing the Indonesian army's weapons.
- B. It will happen when the Allied troops started seizing the Indonesian army's weapons.
- C. It happened when the Allied troops started seizing the Indonesian army's weapons.
- D. It has happened when the Allied troops started seizing the Indonesian army's weapons.
- 2) Speaker: The Indonesian army got angry because they lost their weapons.

How is the speaker likely to continue the story?

- A. They are blocking off the Allied troops in Magelang.
- B. They blocked off the Allied troops in Magelang.
- C. They will block off the Allied troops in Magelang.
- D. They have blocked off the Allied troops in Magelang.

# g. Kunci Jawaban

## Task 3 (Post Listening)

- C. It happened when the Allied troops started seizing the Indonesian army's weapons.
- 2) B. They blocked off the Allied troops in Magelang.

## C. DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan. (2016). *Bahasa Inggris SMA.MA/SMK/MAK X.* Jakarta: Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan.
- Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan. (2016). *Peraturan Menteri Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan Republik Indonesia Nomor 24 Tahun*2016. Jakarta: Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan
- Prihastiwi, Heny. (2018). *GBIM JM Smart English Today, 13.JM SET/X/2018. It was triggered by an ultimatum.* Yogyakarta: Balai Pengembangan Media Radio Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan.
- Wikipedia. Bandung Sea of Fire. Tersedia di https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bandung\_Sea\_of\_Fire. Diakses tanggal 8 April 2018.